

力神动力电池系统有限公司日期: 20190930

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产品规格书

锂离子动力电池 LP37173207-150Ah

力神动力电池系统有限公司 www.lishen.com.cn



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1 适用范围

本规格书适用于力神动力电池系统有限公司生产的 LP37173207-150Ah 锂离子电池。

2 常规指标

2.1 符号说明

 C_1 ——1h 率额定容量(A•h)。

 I_1 ——1h 率放电电流,其数值等于 C_1 (A)。

本规格书中 1I₁(A)=150A。

2.2 该产品常规指标

表 1

序号	项目	规格
1	电池种类	锂离子动力电芯
2	电池型号	LP37173207-150Ah
3	标称容量☆	150Ah
4	标称电压☆	3.2V
5	交流内阻☆	$\leq 0.5 \text{m}\Omega$
6	重量	2900±50g
7	标准充电电流(25±2℃)	$0.5 I_{I}$
8	室温最大充电电流	1 <i>I</i> ₁ (连续) 2 <i>I</i> ₁ (60s)
9	充电截止电压	3.65V
10	标准放电电流(25±2℃)	$0.5 I_{I}$
11	室温最大放电电流	1 <i>I</i> ₁ (连续)3 <i>I</i> ₁ (60s)
12	放电终止电压	2.5V (0℃以上); 2.0V (0℃以下)
13	最大工作范围	
	充电	0℃ ~60℃
	放电	-35°C ~ 60°C
14	最佳工作范围	
	充电	15°C ~35°C
	放电	15°C ~35°C
15	储存温度	

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		1 个月	月内	-40°C~	- 45℃	İ
		6 个。	内	-20℃	~ 35°C	
		*电池处于 20%-40%SOC	或电	压发3.	275V~3.305V 状态下保存	

3 外观和尺寸

外观和尺寸见图1。

4 性能

4.1 测试条件

进货一个月内进行测试,测试前循环充放电次数不得超过五次。实验和测量须在标准温度(25±2)℃及标准湿度(65±20)%的条件下进行,本规格书所提到的室温是指(25±2)℃。

4.2 测量设备

a) 伏特计 内阻>1000 Ω/V

b) 游标卡尺 精度为 0.02 mm

c) 内阻表 在 AC 1kHz 条件下测量

d) 天平精度 0.1g

4.3 测试过程及其标准

4.3.1 标准充电制式

在环境温度(25±2) $^{\circ}$ 条件下,采用先恒流再恒压方式充电。恒流电流为 $0.5I_1(A)$,恒压电压为 3.65V,在恒压过程中电流降到 $0.05I_1A$ 即可终止充电,静置 1 小时。

4.3.2 测试项目及标准

具体测试项目及标准见表 2。

表 2

序号	项目	测试程序	标准
			无明显人为划痕、无变
1	1 外观和尺寸 目测及游标卡尺测量	口湖及游坛上口湖县	形、无漏液,成品电池质
1		量检验尺寸为厚度、宽度	
			和高度,尺寸见图纸
2	重量	天平	2900±50g



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3	开路电压☆	按 4.3.1 充电后 1 小时内测量开路电压	>3.35V
4	1 <i>I_I</i> (A)放电容量☆	电池以 $1I_I(A)$ 电流放电至 2.5 V,搁置 $1h$;然后以 $1I_I(A)$ 电流充电 3.65 V,转恒压充电金 0.05 $I_I(A)$ 时停止充电,充电后搁置 $1h$,再以 $1I_I(A)$ 电流放电至 2.5 V,计算放电容量。上述充放电可以重复 5 次,当连续 3 次试验结果的极差小于额定容量的 3 %,可提前结束试验,取最后 3 次试验结果的场差	1 <i>I</i> _I (A)容量≥150Ah
5	室温最大充电电流	以 $1I_I(A)$ 电流充电 $3.65\mathrm{V}$,转恒压充电至 $0.05I_I(A)$ 时停止充电,充电后搁置 $1\mathrm{h}$,再以 $1I_I$ (A)电流放电到终止电压 $2.5\mathrm{V}$,并计量容量;以 $\mathrm{n}I_I$ (A)恒流充至 $3.65\mathrm{V}$,再以 $3.65\mathrm{V}$ 恒压充至 $0.05I_I$ 截止。	1 <i>I_I</i> (A)(连续); 2 <i>I_I</i> (A)(60s);
6	室温最大放电电流	以 1 I_I (A)电流充电 3.65 V,转恒压充电至 0.05 I_I (A)时停止充电,充电后搁置 1h,再以 II_I (A)电流放电到终止电压 2.5 V,并计量容量;以 1 I_I (A)电流充电 3.65 V,转恒压充电至 0.05 I_I (A)时停止充电,充电后搁置 1h,以 I_I (A) 放电至 2.5 V 截止。	1 <i>I_I</i> (A)(连续); 3 <i>I_I</i> (A)(60s);
7	室温充放电 循环寿命☆	以 $1I_I(A)$ 电流充电 $3.65\mathrm{V}$,转恒压充电至 $0.05I_I(A)$ 时停止充电,充电后搁置 $1\mathrm{h}$,以 $1I_I(A)$ 电流恒流放电至 $2.5\mathrm{V}$,搁置 $1\mathrm{h}$;循环充放电 3000 次以上,计量放电容量。电池在夹紧状态下进行循环测试。	循环 200 次,放电容量≥ 初始容量的 97%;或循环 500 次,放电容量≥初始 容量的 95%;或循环 800 次≥初始容量的 93%;或循环 3000 次,放电容量≥ 初始容量的 80%.
8	室温荷电保 持能力☆	电池以 $1I_I(A)$ 电流充电 $3.65\mathrm{V}$,转恒压充电至 $0.05I_I(A)$ 时停止充电,在环境温度(25 ± 2) $^{\circ}$ 条件下开路搁置 $30\mathrm{天}$,再以 $1I_I(A)$ 电流恒流放电到终止电压 $2.5\mathrm{V}$,并计量荷电保持容量。	荷电保持率≥ 96.5%
9	高温荷电保 持能力☆	电池以 $1I_I(A)$ 电流充电 $3.65\mathrm{V}$,转恒压充电至 $0.05I_I(A)$ 时停止充电,在环境温度(45 ± 2) \mathbb{C} 条件下开路搁置 $30\mathrm{天}$,再以 $1I_I(A)$ 电流恒流放电到终止电压 $2.5\mathrm{V}$,并计量荷电保持容量。	荷电保持率≥ 95%
10	高温性能	以 $1 I_I(A)$ 电流充电 3.65 V,转恒压充电至 0.05 $I_I(A)$ 时停止 充电,充电后搁置 1 h,在温度(60 ± 2) \mathbb{C} 的高温箱中放置 5 h,然后以 1 $I_I(A)$ 电流恒流放电至 2.5 V,并计量放电容量。	容量≥95%初始容量



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11	低温性能	以 $1 I_I(A)$ 电流充电 $3.65\mathrm{V}$,转恒压充电至 $0.05I_I(A)$ 时停止充电,充电后搁置 $1\mathrm{h}$,在温度(-20 ± 2) $^{\circ}$ C的低温箱中放置 $24\mathrm{h}$,然后以 $1/3\mathrm{I}_I(A)$ 电流恒流放电至 $2.0\mathrm{V}$,并计量放电容量。	容量≥80%初始容量
12	短路试验★	接 $4.3.1$ 充电后,将接有热电耦的电池放入通风厨中短路, 电池经线路电阻小于 $5m\Omega$ 的外部电路短路 $10min;$ 观察 $1h$ 。	电池不起火,不爆炸
13	过充试验★	按 4.3.1 充电后,将接有热电偶的电池进行过充电试验,以下面任一种方式充电: a)以 $II_I(A)$ 电流充电,到电池电压达到充电终止电压的 1.5 倍后停止实验,观察 1h。 b) 1 $I_I(A)$ 电流充电,充电时间到达 1h 后停止试验,观察 1h。	电池不起火,不爆炸
14	过放试验★	按 4.3.1 充电后,以 1 I _I (A)电流放电 90min; 观察 1h	电池不起火,不爆炸 不漏液
15	热箱试验★	将接有热电耦的电池放入恒温箱中,关闭箱门后,开启恒温箱加热,监视恒温箱内温度变化(温箱升温速度为5℃/min),箱温达到(130±2)℃时保持 30min 后结束试验;观察 1h。	电池不起火,不爆炸
16	挤压试验★	按 4.3.1 充电后,垂直于电池极板的方向以(5±1)mm/s 的速度挤压电池,挤压板形式为半圆柱体(半径 75mm,长度大于被挤压电池的尺寸),电池电压到达 0V 或变形量达到 30%或挤压力达到 200kN 后停止挤压;观察 1h。	电池不起火,不爆炸
17	跌落试验★	按 4.3.1 充电后,在(25±2)℃下,将电池的正负极端子向下从 1.5m 高度处自由跌落到水泥地面上。	电池不起火,不爆炸 不漏液

5 注意事项

5.1 充电

- a) 严禁过充, 充电电压不得高于 3.65V。
- b) 严禁反向充电。
- c) 建议最佳充电温度为 15℃-35℃, 不宜在低于 15℃温度下长期充电。

5.2 放电

- a)严禁短路。
- b)放电电压不得低于 2.0 V。
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- c) 建议最佳放电温度为 15℃-35℃, 不宜在高于 35℃温度下长期放电。
- 5.3 将电芯放置在远离儿童的地方



5.4 储存及使用

短时储存(1 个月内)要将电池放置于清洁、湿度低于 65%RH、温度-40%-45%的环境及 $20\sim40\%$ SOC 状态。

长期储存(6 个月内)要将电池放置于清洁、湿度低于 65%RH、温度-20℃-35℃的环境及 20~40%SOC 状态。

电池在储存和使用过程中,保持电池盖向上的直立状态。

6 警示

- 6.1 严禁加热电池; 严禁改装、拆解电池; 这些行为非常危险, 可能会引起电池起火、过热、漏液、爆炸。
- 6.2 严禁将电芯暴露在极热环境或投入火中,不要将电池放置在太阳直射的地方。
- 6.3 严禁将电池正负极柱用金属或其他导线直接连在一起,这样将导致电池短路,可能引起电池起火甚至爆炸。
- 6.4 严禁将正负极柱颠倒使用。
- 6.5 严禁将电芯浸入海水或水中,或者使其吸湿
- 6.6 严禁使电芯承受过重的机械冲击.
- 6.7 严禁直接焊接电池,过热可能会引起电池零部件(如垫片)变形,这将导致电池鼓胀、漏液、起火甚至爆炸。
- 6.8 严禁使用运输中发生挤压、跌落、短路、漏液及其他不正常问题的电池。
- 6.9 在使用过程中严禁各电池之间外壳直接接触或通过导体连接在一起形成通路。
- 6.10 电池极柱连接扭矩严禁超过 15 N·m。

7质量保证

电池在正常使用期半年内出现质量问题,且确由生产造成的,厂家将予以解决。但是, 在此期限内,如果非电池制程原因而是客户的误用造成的电芯质量问题,公司不承诺免费更 换。

如果客户需要将电芯在该文件之外的条件下操作或应用,请先咨询力神公司相关事宜。

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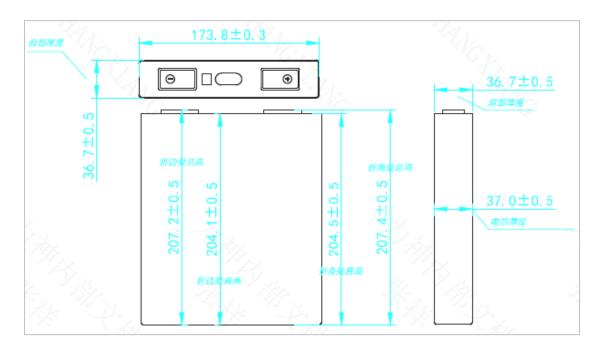
在该文件说明的条件之外使用该电芯而产生的事故,公司不承担任何责任。

对单体电池与电路,电池组,充电器搭配使用析产生的问题公司不承担任何责任。

出货后客户在电芯组装过程中产生的不良电芯不在质量保证的范围之列。

8 运输

运输过程中应防止剧烈振动、冲击、日晒雨淋,并使电池处于半充满状态。



注: 电芯厚度包含绝缘蓝膜及外垫片; 电芯中部厚度在 3000N 压力下测试。

图 1 电池外形图



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Product Specification

Lithium-ion Power Cell of LP37173207-150Ah

Lishen Power Battery System Co., Ltd

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1. Scope

The product specification describes the requirement of the Prismatic Lithium Ion Power Cell to be supplied to the customer by Lishen Power Battery SystemCo.,Ltd.. If there is anyadditional information required by the customer, customers are advised to contact Lishen PowerBattery System Co.,Ltd.

2. General Specifications

2.1 Abbreviation Definitions

 C_I —the rated capacity (in ampere-hours) of the cell for a one-hour discharge.

 I_I —a current corresponding to the manufacturer's rated capacity (in ampere-hours) for a one-hour discharge.

In below specification $1I_I$ (A)=150A.

2.2 Specification

	Item	Specification
1	Cell Type	Lithium -ion power cell
2	Cell Model	LP37173207-150Ah
3	Nominal Capacity☆	150Ah
4	Nominal Voltage☆	3.2V
5	AC-impedance☆	$\leq 0.5 \text{m}\Omega$
6	Weight	2900±50g
7	Nominal Charge Current	$0.5I_{I}$
8	Maximum Charge Current at Room	$1I_I$ (Continuous) $2I_I(60s)$
	Temperature	
9	Charging End Voltage	3.65V
10	Nominal Discharge Current	$0.5I_{I}$
11	Maximum Discharge Current at	$1I_I$ (Continuous) $3I_I(60s)$
	Room Temperature	
12	Discharge End Voltage	2.5V (>0°C) 2.0V (≤0°C)
13	Max Operating TemperatureRange	
	Charge	0°C ~60°C
	Discharge	-35°C ~ 60°C
14	OptimalOperating TemperatureRange	
	Charge	15℃ ~35℃

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	Di	scharge	-15°(~ 35°C
15	Storage Temperature	文:	斜	
	In 1	month	-40	°C~45°C
	In 6	months	-20	°C ~35°C
*Cells should	l be stored at 20~40%SOC or the	voltage	is be	tween 3.275V and 3.305 V.

3. Appearance and Dimension

Appearance and Dimension refer to the attached drawing 1.

4. Characteristics

4.1 Test Condition

Cells should be tested within a month after purchase and the charge-discharge times of the test cells should be less than 5.Unless noted otherwise, all tests are to be conducted at standard temperature which is $(25\pm2)^{\circ}$ C and standard humidity which is (65 ± 20) %, The room temperature mentioned in this specification means $(25\pm2)^{\circ}$ C.

4.2 Test Equipment

- a) Voltmeter Inner impedance> 1000Ω per volt.
- b) Slide caliper The slide caliper should have a minimum scale of 0.02mm.
- c) Impedance meter The impedance meter should be operated at AC 1kHz.
- d) Electronic Scale The electronic scale should have a minimum scale of 0.1g.

4.3 Test Process and Specification

4.3.1Charge method:

Cells are charged with Constant Current and Constant Voltage (CC/CV) method at roomtemperature. The constant current is $0.5I_I$ (A) and the constant voltage is 3.65V. Charge shall beterminated when the charge current has tapered to $0.05I_I$ (A), then store cells for 1h.

4.3.2 Test Item and Specification

Test Item and Specification Should refer to table 2.

Number	Item	Test profile	Specification
1	Amazamaza and Dimansian	1.Eyeballing	No Deep Scratch,
1	Appearance and Dimension	2.Test cells' dimension with slide caliper	NoTransformation, No



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		文控	leakage Dimension should refer to theattached drawing 1.
2	Weight	Electronic Scale	2900±50g
3	Open Circuit Voltage☆	Measure the open circuit voltage within 1h after charge cells per 4.3.1.	OCV≥3.35V
4	1I _I (A)DischargeCapacity☆	Discharge cells at $1I_I(A)$ to 2.5V, then store cells for 1h .Charge cellsat $1I_I(A)$ to 3.65V, and then charge cells at constant voltage(3.65V) until the current has tapered to $0.05I_I(A)$, then store cells for 1h.The cycle can repeat 5 times, whenthe capacity difference of 3 times continuously areless than 3%, the test can be terminated. Tack theaverage of last 3 discharge capacity.	$1I_I$ capacity ≥150Ah
5	Maximum charge current at room temperature	Charge cellsat $1I_I$ (A) to 3.65V, and then charge cells at constant voltage(3.65V) until the current has tapered to $0.05I_I$ (A), then store cells for 1h. Dischargecells to 2.5V at a $1I_I$ (A) current. And record thecapacity. Charge cells to 3.65V at a nI_I (A)current, and then charge cells at constant voltage(3.65V) until the current has tapered to $0.05I_I$ (A).	1 <i>I</i> ₁ (A)(continuous); 2 <i>I</i> ₁ (A)(60s);
6	Maximum discharge current at room temperature	Charge cellsat $1I_I$ (A) to 3.65V, and then charge cells at constant voltage(3.65V) until the current has tapered to $0.05I_I$ (A), then store cells for 1h. Discharge cells at a $1I_I$ (A) currentto 2.5V. And record thecapacity. Charge cellsat $1I_I$ (A) to 3.65V, and then charge cells at constant voltage(3.65V) until the current has tapered to $0.05I_I$ (A), then store cells for 1h. Discharge cells ina nI_I (A) current to 2.5V.	1 <i>I</i> ₁ (A)(continuous); 3 <i>I</i> ₁ (A)(60s);
7	Cycle Life☆	Charge cellsat $1I_I$ (A) to 3.65V, and then charge cells at constant voltage(3.65V) until the current	200th Discharge Capacity ≥ 97% Initial Capacity; or



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		has tapered to 0.05I ₁ (A) then store cells for 1h.	500th Discharge Capacity≥
		Discharge cells at 1174) to 2.5V, then store cells	95% Initial Capacity; or
		for 1h.Discharge capacity shall be measured after	800th Discharge Capacity≥
		3000cycles. Cells should be clamping during	93% Initial Capacity;
		cycling.	or3000th Discharge Capacity
			≥80%Initial Capacity
		Charge cellsat $1I_I$ (A) to 3.65V, and then charge	
	Capacity Retention and Capacity	cells at constant voltage(3.65V) until the current	
0		has tapered to $0.05I_I$ (A). Store the testing cells	Capacity Retention ≥
8	Recovery at RoomTemperature	for 30 days at the environment temperature of (25	96.5%
	☆	$\pm 2)^{\circ}$ C, then discharge the cells to 2.5V at a 1I _I	
		(A) current. Record the retention capacity.	
		Charge cellsat $1I_I$ (A) to 3.65V, and then charge	
		cells at constant voltage(3.65V) until the current	
0	Capacity Retention and Capacity	has tapered to $0.05I_I$ (A). Store the testing cells for	C
9	Recovery at HighTemperature☆	30 days at the environment temperature of (45 \pm	Capacity Retention ≥ 95%
		2)°C, then discharge the cells to 2.5V at a $1I_I(A)$	
		current. Record the retention capacity.	
		Charge cellsat $1I_I$ (A) to 3.65V, and then charge	
		cells at constant voltage(3.65V) until the current	D :1 1 :4 > 0.70/
10	Characteristics at high	has tapered to $0.05I_I(A)$, then stored for 5h	Residual capacity≥95%
	temperature	at $(60\pm2)^{\circ}$ C. Then discharge cells to 2.5V at a	Initial capacity
		$II_I(A)$ current and record the capacity.	
		Charge cellsat $1I_I$ (A) to 3.65V, and then charge	
		cells at constant voltage(3.65V) until the current	D 11 1 2 2 000/
11	Characteristics at low	has tapered to $0.05I_I$ (A) and stored for 24h	Residual capacity≥80%
	temperature	at $(-20\pm2)^{\circ}$ C. Then discharge cells to 2.0V at a	Initial capacity
		1/3I ₁ (A) current and record the capacity	
		Cell, charged per 4.3.1, shall be short circuited by	
12	Classica is Total	connecting the positive and negative terminals of	NI Palada NI P
12	Short-circuit Test★	the cell with a copper wire having a maximum	No Explosion, No Fire
		resistance≤5 m Ω for 10min.	
12	0	After charged per 4.3.1, test cells	NI Palari NI Pi
13	Overcharge Test★	(withthermocouple) shall be overcharged with a	No Explosion, No Fire
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1



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	sort of method below 12 1st Method: Charge test cells at 1 L _x (A) and stop	
	Cell shall be charged per 4.3.1. Discharge cells at	No Explosion, No Fire,
Over Discharge test★	a 1 I_I (A) current for and stop the test when	Noleakage
	thedischarge time reached 90 min. Observe 1h.	
	Put cells (with thermocouple) into the oven,	
	thenclose the door. The oven temperature shall be	
Thormal Toot★	raised at a rate of 5°C/min to (130 \pm 2) °C .	No Explosion, No Fire
Thermal Test	Thecells shall be remained at this temperature for	No Explosion, No File
	30	
	min. Then, stop the test and observe 1h.	
	After charged per 4.3.1, crush the cells vertically	
Crossb Toot	at the speed of (5±1) mm/s until cells'deformation	No Evaluation No Eiro
Crush Test*	reach to 30% or the voltage tapered	No Explosion, No Fire
	to 0V, or the press reach to 200kN. Observe 1h.	
Drop Test★	Charge cells per 4.3.1. Then drop cells from aheight of 1.5m to the concrete ground. Cells shallbe dropped with the terminals down.	No Explosion, No Fire, Noleakage
	Over Discharge test★ Thermal Test★ Crush Test★	Ist Method: Charge test cells at I I₁ (A), and stop test when the voltage reached 1.5 times of end voltage. Observe 1h. 2nd Method: Charge test cells at 1 II (A), then stopthe test when the charge time reached 1h. Observe1h. Cell shall be charged per 4.3.1. Discharge cells at a 1 I₁ (A) current for and stop the test when the discharge time reached 90 min. Observe 1h. Put cells (with thermocouple) into the oven, thenclose the door. The oven temperature shall be raised at a rate of 5°C/min to (130±2) °C. Thecells shall be remained at this temperature for 30 min. Then, stop the test and observe 1h. After charged per 4.3.1, crush the cells vertically at the speed of (5±1) mm/s until cells'deformation reach to 30% or the voltage tapered to 0V, or the press reach to 200kN. Observe 1h. Charge cells per 4.3.1. Then drop cells from aheight of 1.5m to the concrete ground. Cells

5. Caution

5.1 Charge

- a) NO over-charge, the charge voltage should not be over 3.65V.
- b) NO reverse charging
- c) Optimal charge temperature range is $15^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 35^{\circ}\text{C}_{\circ}$. Do not charge for a long time in the temperature less than 15°C .

5.2 Discharge



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- a) No short circuit
- b) The end of discharge voltage must be over 2.0V
- c) Optimal discharge temperature range is 15 $^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 35\,^{\circ}\text{C}$. Do not discharge for a long time in the temperature more than 35 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 5.3 Put cells away from children.

5.4 Storage and Usage

- a) For any short time storage (in one month), cell should be in a clean and dry area (humidity \leq 65% RH) and at -40°C \sim +45°C at 20 \sim 40%SOC .
- b) For any long time storage (in 6 month), cell should be in a clean and dry area (humidity $\leq 65\%$ RH) and at -20% $\sim +35\%$ at $20\sim 40\%$ SOC.
 - c) During the course of storage or usage, keep the cells upright.

6. Warning

- 6.1 Avoid overheat in any circumstances.Don't modify or disassemble the battery. It will be dangerous, and may cause ignition, heating, leakage or explosion.
- 6.2 Don't put cells in overheatcircumstancesor disposed in fire ,don't put cells under the sunshine.
- 6.3 Don't short-circuit positive(+) and negative(-) terminals. Keep away from metal or other conductive materials. Jumbling the batteries of direct contact with positive(+) and negative(-) terminals or other conductive materials may cause short-circuit and may even cause fire and explosion.
- 6.4 Don't reverse the positive (+) and negative (-) terminals.
- 6.5 Don't put cells in water or other conductive liquids or let cells absorb amoisture.
- 6.6 Don't impact cells excessively.
- 6.7 Don't solder the battery directly. Excessive heating may cause deformation of the battery components such as the gasket, which may lead to the battery swelling, leakage, explosion, or ignition.
- 6.8 Don't use abnormal cell which has damages by shipping stress, drop, short or something else, and which gives off electrolyte odor.
- 6.9 Don't contact cans directly or with other conductive materails during the using process.
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6.10 Don't twist the terminal post with the torque which is more than 15N • m.

7. Shipping



- 7.1 During transportation, keep the battery from acutely vibration, impacting, insolation, drenching.
 - 7.2 The delivery battery should be at a half charged state.

8. Others

If customers need to use or operating cells beyond the specified range of this file, please contact Tianjin Lishen Battery Joint-Stock Co., Ltd. Manufacturer will not be responsible for trouble caused by using cells beyond the specified range of this file.

Manufacturer will not be responsible for trouble occurred by matching electric circuit, cell pack and charger.

Manufacturer will be exempt from warrantee any defect cells during assembling after acceptance.

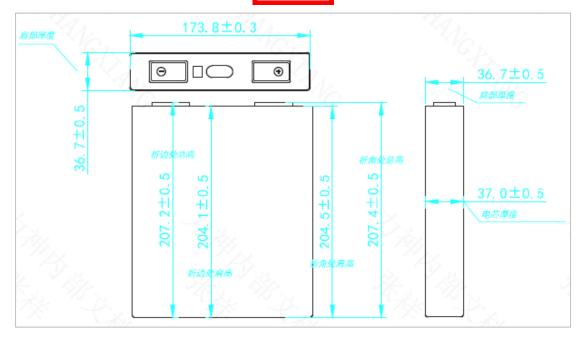


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Attached drawing 1 文控



Remarks: The size of drawing is the cell within insulation gasket and blue film.